科目名稱:英文【社會系二年級】 題號:707002 ※本科目依簡章規定「不可以」使用計算機(混合題) 共2頁第2頁 Vocabulary and grammar (42%) 10. He said: "I am writing an email to my girlfriend.". In other words, he told me that he an email to his girlfriend. A. was writing B. is writing C. writes D. will write 11. They had the luck to be present when history _____. A. had made B. was being made C. made D. about to make 12. If you _____ more, you wouldn't be so tired. (to sleep) A. sleep B. will sleep C. had slept D. slept 13. 14. 15 Fill in the blanks accordingly. One of South Korea's best-known novelists has said that she may have plagiarized material for a short story decades ago, according to an interview published Recently. Shin Kyung-sook, whose novel "Please Look After Mom" won the Man Asian Literary Prize in 2011, _____ and said she would remove the story in question, "Legend," from future editions of a short story collection, the South Korean newspaper Kyunghyang Shinmun reported. Ms. Shin, 52, had not spoken to the news media since a fellow novelist alleged a week ago that a short passage in "Legend," which was published in 1994, was almost _____to a passage from a Korean translation of "Patriotism," a 1961 story by the late Japanese writer Yukio Mishima. Both passages describe a sexual awakening in a young couple. Through her publisher, Ms. Shin initially having read Mr. Mishima's work. But in the interview on Monday at a monastery near Seoul, the South Korean capital, she was quoted as saying that she could no longer say that she did not read it and imitate it. 13. A. delighted B. transferred C. talked D. apologized 14. A. similar B. identical C. rude D. fundamental 15. A.Admitted B.Promised C. Joked D.Denied Writing (13%) In 500 words, discuss some of the criticisms regarding the recent Time magazine's cover that features Tsai Ing-wen.

科目名稱:英文【社會系二年級】

※本科目依簡章規定「不可以」使用計算機(混合題)

題號:707002

共2頁第1頁

Simple theoretical questions (15%)

- 1. As defined by C. Wright Mills, which of the following "enables us to grasp history and biography and the relations between the two within society"?
 - A. Historical sociology
 - B. Ethnography
 - C. Microsociology
 - D. Sociological imagination
- 2. Which definition best describes the practice of sociology?
 - A. The study of how to help disadvantaged people in society
 - B. The study of effect of globalization and capitalism on society
 - C. The study of human society in theory and practice
 - D. The study of the psychological effects of societal relationships and cultural practices
- 3. What is gender socialization?
 - A. The dominance of men over women
 - B. Rewards and punishments that can be given by most members of a group
 - C. It refers to the process of self-development through which we formulate a unique sense of ourselves and our relationship to the world around us
 - D. The learning of socially prescribed roles for different sexes that begins at birth

Short reading test (30%)

"As I often say, we have come a long way from the days of slavery, but in 2014, discrimination and inequality still saturate our society in modern ways. Though racism may be less blatant now in many cases, its existence is undeniable."

According to the description above, the following statements are true or false? True =A, False =B

- 4. The world has improved a lot in terms of eliminating racism.
- 5. Racism can be implied in less obvious ways.
- 6. Slavery still exists today.

"Human rights advocates, who argue that most of the violence has been committed by the Buddhist majority against the Rohingya minority, say they are astonished that Ms. Aung San Suu Kyi has abdicated what they see as her moral responsibility to shine a light on obvious human rights abuses. She has remained immune to appeals from American officials, who say they have suggested on a number of occasions that she speak out on the Rohingya."

According to the description above, the following statements are true or false? True =A, False =B

- 7. Human rights advocates admire the achievement of Ms. Aung San Suu Kyi.
- 8. American officials have suggested that Aung San Suu Kyi condemn violence.
- 9. According to the advocates, radical Buddhists are responsible for the crime committed.

科目名稱:社會學【社會系二年級】

※本科目依簡章規定「不可以」使用計算機(問答申論題)

題號:707001

共2頁第1頁

- 1、 社會學認為,不可能出現沒有「偏差」與「犯罪」的社會。請舉一個例子來解釋說明。 (20%)
- 2、對於為何有人可以考上台大,有些人卻名落孫山,請試著從「功能論」與「衝突論」來解釋。(40%)
- 3、 請閱讀以下的文章,並且回答以下的問題。

2014年4月16日,載有470多人的韓國「世越號」客輪在全羅南道珍島郡海域發生沉船事故,生還者只有172人。身為一個外來的研究者,這場事故讓我產生了很多疑問:究竟從這整個事件發生、發展的過程裡,我們可以怎樣地多理解一點屬於韓國特殊的文化與社會結構?

我首先感到極度困惑不解的,是為甚麼船長與多數船員們竟然可以不顧那些被要求在船艙裡 等候的學生們,自己率先乘船逃亡?握有權力的人,不是應該負擔起對等的貫任嗎?而在船上權 力最大的,不就是船長跟船員們嗎?為什麼他們能好整以暇地棄船,感受不到他們對其他乘客的 憂心?

在此次的沉船事件中,也有幾位船上的工作人員以及檀園高中的老師們,為了拯救其他人而犧牲自己生命。然而,握有最高決策權力的船長與船員,並沒有在第一時間做出讓大家棄船逃生的正確判斷;負費的海警單位,未在第一時間採取正確的救援措施;而擁有船公司的老闆一家人,也並未出來負起費任面對現況,反而全家潛逃。

可以從兩個方面來理解這件事。首先,是權力在不同文化脈絡裡的意義;其次,是傳統與當代社會價值之間的衝突。

權力越大、責任越大,是我們在當代民主社會裡的普遍認知。然而,韓國社會雖然是個現代 化的民主社會,卻仍然保留了許多傳統社會的結構與價值,那就是建立於儒家文化長幼尊卑傳統 之上的社會階序,以及集體行動的原則,而「權力」在這樣的社會文化脈絡裡,有著不同的認知 與定義。

在韓國,根據每個人的年紀與所在位置,有著必須嚴格遵行的社會法則;所說的語言,必須根據長幼尊卑而跟著改變,要做甚麼事情時,也是根據長幼尊卑的位置來決定如何處置與面對。在韓國的研究室裡,同事們每天都會一起去餐廳用餐。用餐就像是一種儀式,有著固定的模式;每天用餐時間一到,通常都是由研究室裡最年長(通常也是最資深)的人招呼一聲「去吃飯吧!」然後大家一起行動,很少有例外。剛開始參加一些社團活動時,往往不明白大家為什麼那麼被動,都是一個口令才會有一個動作,後來明白這就是韓國群體的行動法則,在每個群體中,自然而然會有跟著年紀與社會地位而產生的社會階序,在下者必須服從在上者,這是必須而當然的。也因此,當有突發狀況產生時,大家會等待著,等著服從當時位於這個群體位置最高者如何決定,而非根據狀況來判斷該如何因應。

也因為這樣的社會階序,費任其實是分散在群體之中的。位置低的人就算決策是錯的或是不合理也必須服從,不能決策也就不需要負任何費任;而位置最高的人,通常還會有另外一個位置更高的人來做決定。所以我們看到世越號裡多數的老師與學生們,順從了船長與船員的指示在船艙中等待,白白喪失了寶貴的救命時間;並非他們沒有思考或判斷能力,而是因為長期習慣地處於這樣的社會階序裡,在緊急時刻很難快速地脫離這樣的思維模式。權力在這樣的文化脈絡裡,往往等同的不是該負起相對應的責任,有時反而成為一種特權的思維,也就是享有權力、卻不需要負起責任。

這樣的傳統社會階序所帶來的,並不全然是負面的影響。理論上,在這個集體社會裡,只要處在群體裡,就會有上面的人必須來照顧你,有下面的人必須要尊重你。而且,最重要的是,群體的人必須要互相照顧,只要在群體裡,就不該有人落單。然而,這樣的傳統價值,在當代的新自由主義現代化社會裡遭受到很大的挑戰。在新自由主義的架構裡,個人主義才是王道,利益最大化是唯一的導向,很多時候連人際關係也都商品化了。

在世越號事件裡,我們也可以看出這二種不同價值之間的衝突。我們可以看到有老師為了救學生而犧牲自己的生命,有學生把自己的救生衣讓給其他同學而喪生;然而,我們也可以看到船

科目名稱:社會學【社會系二年級】

題號:707001

※本科目依簡章規定「不可以」使用計算機(問答申論題)

共2頁第2頁

長與船員把與乘客的關係給異化了,對他們來說,他們只是拿錢為船公司工作的人,乘客對他們來說只存在著商業關係;因此,當危急的時刻來臨,第一個反應就是保自己的命,至於乘客下場如何,與他們無關。然而,對整個韓國社會來說,這又是整個社會必須一起來負責承擔的事情,因此,每個人對於這場事故,都有著強烈的抱歉心理。

事件發生之後,到處都可以看到「對不起」的字樣,大家都覺得發生了這樣的事,是「我們」(wuri)共同的責任,是「我們」對不起「我們」的孩子們;然而船公司的老闆,或是政府的高官,卻又不覺得自己該為此負責。韓國傳統的群體倫理,與新自由主義主導的現代化生活,產生了巨大的矛盾與衝突。而這種新、舊價值觀之間的矛盾衝突,不僅展現在沉船事件中,也影響著當代韓國人的生活;韓國是全球自殺率最高的國家之一,很多韓國人患有憂鬱症或其他精神疾病,究其根本原因,很大一部分來自這種新舊價值觀之間的衝突與無法調適。

(本文改自何撒娜「沉沒的船·沉沒的韓國?從世越號看韓國社會與文化」) 問題:

- 3.1 此文的問題意識是什麼?(10%)
- 3.2 此文的結論是什麼?(10%)
- 3.3 請問本文如何推論出其結論? (20%)