

# 國立中山大學 108 學年度 碩士暨碩士專班招生考試試題

科目名稱：電磁學【物理系碩士班】

## —作答注意事項—

考試時間：100 分鐘

- 考試開始響前不得翻閱試題，並不得書寫、劃記、作答。請先檢查答案卷（卡）之應考證號碼、桌角號碼、應試科目是否正確，如有不同立即請監試人員處理。
- 答案卷限用藍、黑色筆(含鉛筆)書寫、繪圖或標示，可攜帶橡皮擦、無色透明無文字墊板、尺規、修正液（帶）、手錶(未附計算器者)。每人每節限使用一份答案卷，不得另攜帶紙張，請衡酌作答。
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- 違規者依本校招生考試試場規則及違規處理辦法處理。

# 國立中山大學 108 學年度碩士暨碩士專班招生考試試題

科目名稱：電磁學【物理系碩士班】

題號：423002

※本科目依簡章規定「可以」使用計算機（廠牌、功能不拘）（問答申論題） 共 1 頁第 1 頁

計算題和式子推導過程請盡量寫詳細。

1. Write down the curl theorem and divergence theorem in the integration form. (10 points)
2. Write down the Maxwell equations in vacuum in the differential form. (10 points)
3. Derive the speed of an electromagnetic wave from the Maxwell equations. (20 points)
4. Calculate the electric field induced by a dipole,  $P$ , in a spherical coordinate. (20 points)
5. The total charge  $q$  is uniformly distributed on the surface a spherical shell with a radius of  $R$ . Please calculate the potential at the point of  $2R$  away from the spherical shell center. The reference potential is at the infinite. (10 points)
6. Please use the Biot-Savart law to calculate the magnetic field at a distance  $s$  from a long straight wire which carries a steady current  $I$ . (20 points)
7. Find the magnetic field at a distance  $z$  above the center of a circular loop of radius  $R$ , which carries a steady current  $I$ . (10 points)

# 國立中山大學 108 學年度 碩士暨碩士專班招生考試試題

科目名稱：近代物理【物理系碩士班】

## —作答注意事項—

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# 國立中山大學 108 學年度碩士暨碩士專班招生考試試題

科目名稱：近代物理【物理系碩士班】

題號：423001

※本科目依簡章規定「可以」使用計算機（廠牌、功能不拘）（問答申論題）

共 2 頁 第 1 頁

問答題與計算題 [共六題]

試題共兩頁

\*1 至 4 題每題 15 分，5 至 6 題每題 20 分，答錯不倒扣。

- 1.(a) Does a blackbody always appear black? Explain the term blackbody?  
(b) Explain the general characteristics of the spectrum of a blackbody. That is, what does the blackbody spectrum depend on?

2. A stick with length of 100 cm moving in a direction parallel to its length appears to be only 75 cm long to an observer. What is the speed of the meter stick relative to the observer?

3. In a photoelectric experiment in which monochromatic light and a sodium photocathode are used, we find a stopping potential of 1.85 V for  $\lambda = 3000 \text{ \AA}$  and 0.82 V for  $\lambda = 4000 \text{ \AA}$ .

From these data determine

- (a) a value for Planck's constant  $h$  in unit of Joule.sec  
(b) the work function of sodium in electron volts

*Hint (1)*: 1 Joule =  $6.242 \times 10^{18}$  eV

- (2): The kinetic energy of the photoelectron can be expressed as  $K = hc/\lambda - w_0$ , where  $c$  is the speed of light ( $c = 3 \times 10^8$  m/s) and  $w_0$  is the work function of sodium.

4. The wave function of a free particle in the first excited state moving in the region  $-a/2 < x < +a/2$  is

$$\Psi(x, t) = \begin{cases} A \sin \frac{2\pi x}{a} e^{-iEt/\hbar}, & -a/2 \leq x \leq a/2, \\ 0, & x < -a/2 \text{ or } x > a/2. \end{cases}$$

Determine the value of the total energy  $E$  of the particle in the first excited state by using the time-independent Schrodinger equation.

5. A particle moving with kinetic energy equal to its rest energy has a de Broglie wavelength of  $1.7898 \times 10^{-6} \text{ \AA}$ . If the kinetic energy doubles, what is the new de Broglie wavelength?

*Hint*: For a relativistic particle, the energy  $E$  of the particle can be expressed as

$E^2 = p^2 c^2 + m^2 c^4 = (mc^2 + K)^2$ , where  $p$  and  $K$  are the momentum and the kinetic energy of the particle, respectively. The de Broglie wavelength is defined as  $\lambda = h/p$ , where  $h$  is the Planck constant  $h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ m}^2 \text{ kg} / \text{s}$

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共 2 頁第 2 頁

6. Suppose that a particle is initially moving in the region  $x < 0$  where the potential energy  $V(x) = 0$ , and traveling in the direction of increasing  $x$  towards the point  $x = 0$  where the potential steps up to the value  $V(x) = V_0$  in the region  $x > 0$ . The total energy of the particle  $E$  is greater than  $V_0$ .

(a) Solve the time-independent Schrodinger equation and give the general solution of the wave function (including the time dependent component)

(b) Show that the reflection coefficient  $R$  can be expressed in the following form

$$R = \left( \frac{1 - \sqrt{1 - V_0/E}}{1 + \sqrt{1 - V_0/E}} \right)^2$$

Note that the definition of  $R$  is  $R = B^*B/A^*A$ , where  $A$  and  $B$  are the amplitudes of the forward propagating and reversely propagating wave functions at the region  $x < 0$ .