## 科目:比較政治【政治所甲組】

一、公共選擇理論(Rational Choice Theory)的本質是經濟學、政治學還是政治的經濟學?試從研究對象及研究方法分析之。(25%)

## 二、解釋名詞 (25%)

- 1. binary comparison
- 2. parsimonious explanation
- 3. electoral dictatorship
- 4. bureaucratic authoritarianism
- 5. parliamentary sovereignty
- 三、請試推薦5本比較政治方面的書,你認爲最值得一讀,並請說明理由(25%)。
- 四、請試翻譯下段文字(20%);然後試舉例說明什麼是你所體會到的 Contentious politics (5%)。

Contentious politics involves interactions in which actors make claims bearing on someone else's interests, in which governments appear either as targets, initiators of claims, or third parties.

Contentious politics thus brings together three familiar features of social life: contention, collective action, and politics.

Contention involves making claims that bear on someone else's interests. Claims run from negative to positive. People make claims with such words as condemn, oppose, resist, demand, beseech, support, and reward. They also make claims with actions such as attacking, expelling, defacing, cursing, cheering, throwing flowers, singing songs, and carrying heroes on their shoulders. In everyday life, contention ranges from small matters like which football team we should support to bigger questions such as whether grandpa rightly divided his inheritance among us, his heirs. But it also takes place in chess matches, competition among retail stores, and struggles of defense lawyers with presiding judges.

## 科目:國際關係【政治所乙組】

- 一、請以三種概念: "international anarchy"、 "international society", and "world community" 來說明三種國際關係理論學派對國際關係之主張與願景。並請提出簡要評論。(30%)
- 二、過往二十餘年國際關係學科發展有那些高度爭議之地方(請列舉要點,精簡 說明即可)。(20%)
- = Please analyses the discourse" the main limitation of the neo-institutional approach to the study of regions is that regionalism is perceived as an ultimate goal, when regionalism can actually be a stepping stone to a higher goal" with example. (30%) (You may answer it either in Chinese or in English)
- As a world view, liberalism maintains a strong belief in the value of the individual, the idea of limited government and the market. Liberals point out that much of international relations is based on the peaceful exchange of goods, services, and ideas among societies. Do you think liberalism as a world view should be revised in the context of the ongoing global economic recession since 2008? (20%) (You may answer it either in Chinese or in English)

## 國立中山大學98學年度博士班招生考試試題

科目:政治學方法論【政治所】

- 1、請比較科學實存論(scientific realism)與邏輯經驗主義(logical positivism/empiricism )對於科學解釋所採取的不同哲學立場。(25)
- 2、請比較經驗政治理論與規範政治理論之研究取向的主要差異,並舉例說明兩者之間進行對話與交流的可能性。(25)
- 3、理論(theory)、模型(model)與假設(hypotheses)是從事經驗研究的時候 必須處理的三個重要元素。請說明三者之間的關聯。(20)
- 4、小明與小華是念碩士班時相識的男女朋友。面對博士就業市場競爭愈來愈激烈的現況,他們仍然決定,基於對政治學研究的熱愛,而且希望接下來三到五年能夠在一起求學,決定一起投入小華所在的研究所博士班入學考試的準備。然而,考題發下來之後,小明發現該校考題很多不是他自己在原校就讀時念過的東西,甚至也不是補習班所能提供的題目。小明覺得錢花得冤枉,試後用 Email 向小華抱怨中了「獨門暗器」。小華知道小明所言並非事實。如果你是小華,請寫下向你對小明的回信。請從知識論(認識論)、政治學門的教育、研究所補習教育和(或)政治學門的範疇等面向來回答。請控制篇幅;說理清析的程度決定本題的分數。(30)